UNITED STATES
SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, DC 20549

Form 10-Q
Quarterly Report Pursuant to Section 13 or 15(d)
of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934

For Quarter Ended March 31, 2000

Commission File Number 0-10436

## ------

L. B. Foster Company
(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Pennsylvania
25-13247733
(State of Incorporation) (I.R.S. Employer Identification No.)
415 Holiday Drive, Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania
15220
(Address of principal executive offices)
(Zip Code)
(412) 928-3417
(Registrant's telephone number, including area code)
Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports), and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

Yes $X$ No
Indicate the number of shares of each of the registrant's classes of common stock as of the latest practicable date.

Class Outstanding at May 5, 2000
Common Stock, Par Value \$.01
9,558,734 Shares

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ITEM 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

> L.B. FOSTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS (In Thousands)

| ASSETS | March 31, 2000 <br> (unaudited) | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| - ------------- |  |  |
| Current Assets: |  |  |
| Cash and cash equivalents | \$ 2,919 | \$ 1,558 |
| Accounts and notes receivable: |  |  |
| Trade | 52,370 | 52,110 |
| Other | 1,105 | 1,002 |
| - | 53,475 | 53,112 |
| Inventories | 51,548 | 45,601 |
| Current deferred tax assets | 1,925 | 1,925 |
| Other current assets | 1,123 | 981 |
| Property held for resale | 1,345 | 2,856 |
| Total Current Assets | 112,335 | 106, 033 |
| Property, Plant \& Equipment - At CostLess Accumulated Depreciation | 52,947 | 51,747 |
|  | $(22,570)$ | $(21,621)$ |
| Less Accumulated Depr | 30,377 | 30,126 |
| Property Held for Resale | 4,171 | 4,203 |
| - -------------------- |  |  |
| Other Assets: |  |  |
| Goodwill and intangibles - net | 7,326 | 7,474 |
| Investments | 8,813 | 8,610 |
| Deferred tax assets | 1,720 | 1,720 |
| Other assets | 6,121 | 6,565 |
| Total Other Assets | 23,980 | 24,369 |
| TOTAL ASSETS | \$ 170,863 | \$ 164,731 |


| LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Current Liabilities: |  |  |  |  |
| Current maturities of long-term debt | \$ | 1, 098 | \$ | 1,141 |
| Short-term borrowings |  | 5,000 |  | 5,000 |
| Accounts payable - trade |  | 31,509 |  | 24,446 |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits |  | 3,446 |  | 3,619 |
| Current deferred tax liabilities |  | 1,857 |  | 1,857 |
| Other accrued liabilities |  | 1,966 |  | 2,233 |
| Total Current Liabilities |  | 44,876 |  | 38,296 |
| Long-Term Borrowings |  | 40,000 |  | 40, 000 |
| Other Long-Term Debt |  | 4, 031 |  | 4,136 |
| Deferred Tax Liabilities |  | 6,293 |  | 6,293 |
| Other Long-Term Liabilities |  | 1,389 |  | 1,356 |
| Stockholders' Equity: |  |  |  |  |
| Common stock |  | 102 |  | 102 |
| Paid-in capital |  | 35,375 |  | 35,377 |
| Retained earnings |  | 42,657 |  | 42,505 |
| Treasury stock |  | $(3,890)$ |  | $(3,364)$ |
| Accumulated other comprehensive income |  | 30 |  | 30 |
| Total Stockholders' Equity |  | 74,274 |  | 74,650 |
| TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS' EQUI | \$ | 70, 863 | \$ | 64,731 |

## L. B. FOSTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES

 CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF INCOME (In Thousands, Except Per Share Amounts)

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

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    L.B. Foster Company and Subsidiaries
Condensed Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
    (In Thousands)
```

Three Months
Ended March 31,
$2000 \quad 1999$
(unaudited)

| Cash Flows from Operating Activities: |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| Income from continuing operations |  |  |
| Adjustments to reconcile net income to net cash |  |  |
| provided (used) by continuing operatings: |  |  |
| Depreciation and amortization |  |  |
| Loss on sale of property, plant | $\$ 328$ | $\$ 94$ |
| and equipment |  |  |
| Change in operating assets and liabilities: | 1,214 |  |
| Accounts receivable | 1 |  |
| Inventories | $(363)$ | 19 |
| Property held for resale | $(5,947)$ | $(2,567)$ |
| Other current assets | 1,649 | $(174)$ |
| Other non-current assets | $(142)$ | 164 |
| Accounts payable - trade | 234 | $(722)$ |
| Accrued payroll and employee benefits | 7,063 | $(1,962)$ |
| Other current liabilities | $(173)$ | $(811)$ |
| Other liabilities | $(91)$ | 129 |


| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Continuing Operations | 3,806 | $(3,938)$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Net Cash Used by Discontinued Operations | (352) | (303) |
| Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities | 3,454 | $(4,241)$ |

Cash Flows from Investing Activities:
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment
Capital expenditures on property, plant and equipment (1,298) 4 Purchase of DM\&E stock
Net Cash Used by Investing Activities $\quad(1,298)(6,540)$

Cash Flows from Financing Activities:
Proceeds from issuance of revolving
credit agreement borrowings 11,575

Exercise of stock options and stock awards 113
Treasury share acquisitions (641)
Repayments of long-term debt (267) (334)
Net Cash (Used) Provided by Financing Activities (795) 11,094


Net Increase in Cash and Cash Equivalents 1,361 316
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Period 1,558 874
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Period \$ 2,919 \$ 1,190
 Supplemental Disclosures of Cash Flow Information:

| Interest Paid | \$ 1,056 | $\$ 1261$ |
| :--- | :---: | :---: |
| $===========================================================================$ |  |  |
| Income Taxes Paid | $\$ 380$ | $\$ 3544$ |

During 2000 and 1999, the Company financed certain capital
expenditures totaling $\$ 119,000$ and $\$ 246,000$, respectively, through the issuance of capital leases.

See Notes to Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

## L. B. FOSTER COMPANY AND SUBSIDIARIES <br> NOTES TO CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## 1. FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The accompanying unaudited condensed consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles for interim financial information and with the instructions to Form 10-Q and Article 10 of Regulation S-X. Accordingly, they do not include all of the information and footnotes required by generally accepted accounting principles for complete financial statements. In the opinion of management, all estimates and adjustments (consisting of normal recurring accruals) considered necessary for a fair presentation have been included, however, actual results could differ from those estimates. The results of operations for these interim periods are not necessarily indicative of the results that may be expected for the year ended December 31, 2000. For further information, refer to the consolidated financial statements and footnotes thereto included in the Company's annual report on Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.

## 2. ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

In June 1998, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Statement of Financial Accounting Standards No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities." This statement establishes accounting and reporting standards for derivative financial instruments and hedging activities. In June 1999, FASB Statement No. 137, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities: Deferral of Effective Date of the FASB Statement No. 133," was issued. This statement delays the effective date to all fiscal quarters of all fiscal years beginning after June 15, 2000. This statement will be adopted by the Company in 2001 and is not expected to have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

## 3. ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Credit is extended on an evaluation of the customer's financial condition and, generally, collateral is not required. Credit terms are consistent with industry standards and practices. Trade accounts receivable at March 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 have been reduced by an allowance for doubtful accounts of $\$(1,438,000)$ and $\$(1,555,000)$, respectively. Bad debt expense was $\$(113,000)$ and $\$(14,000)$ for the three month periods ended March 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

## 4. INVENTORIES

Inventories of the Company at March 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 are summarized as follows in thousands:

|  | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December 31, } \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Finished goods | \$ 31, 788 | \$ 28,755 |
| Work-in-process | 15,167 | 13,000 |
| Raw materials | 7,045 | 6,298 |
| Total inventories at current costs: (Less): | 54,000 | 48,053 |
| Current costs over LIFO stated values | $(1,852)$ | $(1,852)$ |
| Reserve for decline in market value of inventories | (600) | (600) |
|  | \$ 51, 548 | \$ 45,601 |

Inventories of the Company are generally valued at the lower of last-in, first-out (LIFO) cost or market. Other inventories of the Company are valued at average cost or market, whichever is lower. An actual valuation of inventory under the LIFO method can be made only at the end of each year based on the inventory levels and costs at that time. Accordingly, interim LIFO calculations must necessarily be based on management's estimates of expected year-end levels and costs.

## 5. PROPERTY HELD FOR RESALE

| (in thousands) | $\begin{gathered} \text { March 31, } \\ 2000 \end{gathered}$ | $\begin{gathered} \text { December } 31, \\ 1999 \end{gathered}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Location: |  |  |
| Norcross, GA | \$3, 055 | \$3, 055 |
| Newport, KY | 1,345 | 1,345 |
| Pomeroy, OH | 649 | 665 |
| St. Marys, WV | 467 | 483 |
| Houston, TX |  | 1,511 |
| Property held for resale | \$5,516 | \$7,059 |
| Less current portion | 1,345 | 2,856 |
|  | \$4,171 | \$4,203 |

The Norcross, GA location consists of buildings and approximately 28 acres of land, which are being underutilized by the Company's business.

The Newport, KY location consisting of machinery and equipment was included in the Company's coated pipe division of the tubular products segment. Due to unfavorable market conditions, management suspended operations in September 1998 and intends to dispose of the assets. An impairment loss of $\$ 183,000$ was recorded in 1999 in anticipation of the disposal cost.

The Pomeroy, OH and St. Marys, WV locations , consisting of machinery and equipment, buildings, land and land improvements which comprise the Company's Mining division of the rail products segment, were determined not to meet the Company's long-range strategic goals. The Company continues to explore the divestiture of these assets.

In March 2000, the Company sold an undeveloped 62-acre portion of a 127-acre Houston, TX property for approximately $\$ 2,000,000$. The pretax gain, after estimated disposal costs was approximately $\$ 100,000$.

## 6. DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

In the fourth quarter of 1999, the Company made the decision to classify the operations of the Monitor Group, a developer of portable mass spectrometers, as a discontinued operation, pending its sale. Accordingly, the operating results of the Monitor Group have been segregated from continuing operations and reported as a separate line item on the financial statements.

The Company has restated its financial statements to reflect the operating results of the Monitor Group as a discontinued operation, for the prior periods presented.

The three months ended March 31, 2000 includes a net loss from discontinued operations of approximately $\$ 176,000$. The Company continues ongoing discussions with prospective buyers, with an estimated disposal date to occur in 2000.

## 6. BORROWINGS

In March of 2000, the Company reduced the revolving agreement to $\$ 64.9$ million. The interest rate is, at the Company's option, based on the prime rate, the domestic certificate of deposit rate (CD rate) or the Euro-bank rate (LIBOR). The interest rates are established quarterly based upon cash flow and the level of outstanding borrowings to debt as defined in the agreement. Interest rates range from prime to prime plus $0.25 \%$, the CD rate plus $0.575 \%$ to $1.8 \%$, the LIBOR rate plus . $575 \%$ to $1.8 \%$. Borrowings under the agreement, which expires July 1, 2003, are secured by eligible accounts receivable, inventory, and the pledge of the Company-held DM\&E Preferred stock.

The agreement includes financial covenants requiring a minimum net worth, a minimum level for the fixed charge coverage ratio, and a maximum level for the consolidated total indebtedness to EBITDA ratio. The agreement also restricts investments, indebtedness, and the sale of certain assets.

## 7. EARNINGS PER COMMON SHARE

The following table sets forth the computation of basic and diluted earnings per common share:


The Company is subject to laws and regulations relating to the protection of the environment and the Company's efforts to comply with environmental regulations may have an adverse effect on the Company's future earnings. In the opinion of management, compliance with the present environmental protection laws will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition, competitive position, or capital expenditures of the Company.

The Company is subject to legal proceedings and claims which arise in the ordinary course of its business. In the opinion of management, the amounts of ultimate liability with respect to these actions will not materially effect the financial position of the Company.

At March 31, 2000, the Company had outstanding letters of credit of approximately \$4,362,000.

## 9. BUSINESS SEGMENTS

The Company is organized and evaluated by product group, which is the basis for identifying reportable segments. The Company is engaged in the manufacture, fabrication and distribution of rail, construction and tubular products and was previously engaged in the manufacture and distribution of portable mass spectrometers. The Company's portable mass spectrometer segment, the Monitor Group, was classified as a discontinued operation on December 31, 1999. Prior period results have been adjusted to reflect this classification. The following tables illustrate revenues and profits/(losses) of the Company by segment:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, 2000 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousands) | Net <br> Sales | Segment Profit/(Loss) |
| Rail products | \$32,657 | (\$517) |
| Construction products | 21,727 | 352 |
| Tubular products | 4,990 | 406 |
| Total | \$59,374 | \$241 |


|  | Three Months Ended March 31, 1999 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousands) | Net Sales | Segment <br> Profit/(Loss) |
| Rail products | \$31,417 | \$211 |
| Construction products | 15,296 | 78 |
| Tubular products | 6,864 | 434 |
| Total | \$53,577 | \$723 |

Segment profits, as shown above, include internal cost of capital charges for assets used in the segment at a rate of, generally, 1\% per month. The following table provides a reconciliation of reportable net profit/(loss) to the Company's consolidated total:

|  | Three Months Ended March 31, |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| (in thousands) | 2000 | 1999 |
| Net Profit/(Loss) |  |  |
| Total for reportable segments | \$241 | \$723 |
| Cost of capital for reportable segments | 2,950 | 2,431 |
| Interest expense | (938) | (399) |
| Other income | 581 | 360 |
| Corporate expense and other unallocated charges | $(2,288)$ | $(1,981)$ |
| Income from continuing operations, before income taxes | \$546 | \$1,134 |

There has been no change in the measurement of segment profit/(loss) from December 31, 1999. There has been no significant change in segment assets from December 31, 1999.

## 10. ACQUISITIONS

On June 30 1999, the Company acquired all of the outstanding stock of CXT Incorporated (CXT), a Spokane, WA based manufacturer of engineered prestressed and precast concrete products primarily used in the railroad and transit industries. The purchase price of $\$ 17,514,000$ has been preliminarily allocated based on estimated fair values of the assets acquired and liabilities assumed. This allocation has resulted in acquired goodwill of approximately $\$ 4,221,000$, which is being amortized on a straight-line basis over twenty years. The Company expects to finalize all purchase accounting adjustments within one year of the acquisition.

The acquisition was reported using the purchase method of accounting and has been included in operations since the date of acquisition. The purchase price was allocated to the assets and liabilities based on estimated fair values as of the acquisition date.

Had the acquisition been made at the beginning of 1999, the Company's pro forma unaudited results would have been:

Three Months Ended
March 31, 1999
(In thousands except per share amounts)

| Net sales | \$ | 64,499 |
| :--- | ---: | ---: |
| Income from continuing operations |  | 574 |
| Basic earnings per common share from <br> continuing operations | $\$$ | 0.06 |

The unaudited pro forma results have been prepared for comparative purposes only and do not purport to be indicative of the results of operations which would have actually resulted had the acquisition been in effect on January 1, 1999, or of future results of operations.
11. SPECIAL CHARGES

The Company has formulated plans to consolidate or downsize sales and administrative functions and several plant operations as part of its overall plan to increase asset utilization and streamline administrative functions. Special charges of $\$ 503,000$ pretax or $\$ 0.03$ per share after tax were included in the quarter's results. The Company expects to record additional nonrecurring pretax charges of approximately $\$ 1,100,000$ related to these programs by its fiscal 2001 year-end. Management implemented the initial phase of several of these programs in the first quarter. The costs accrued for the implemented programs were based upon management estimates using the latest information available at the time the accrual was established.

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Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations
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Three Months Ended March 31,
20001999


Income from continuing operations for the first quarter of 2000 was $\$ 0.3$ million or $\$ 0.04$ per share on net sales of $\$ 59.5$ million. This compares to a 1999 first quarter income from continuing operations of $\$ 0.7$ million or $\$ 0.07$ per share on net sales of $\$ 53.8$ million.

Net losses from the Monitor Group, classified as a discontinued operation on December 31, 1999, were $\$ 0.2$ million in the first quarters of 2000 and 1999.

Rail products' 2000 first quarter net sales were $\$ 32.7$ million or an increase of 4\% over the same period last year. This increase was due to the addition of CXT Incorporated, which more than offset the decline in rail and transit project shipments due to increased industry competition resulting from spending cutbacks by the major railroads. Construction products' net sales increased $42 \%$ from the year earlier quarter as shipments of " H " bearing pile and flat web sheet piling increased. Tubular products' sales decreased $27 \%$ from the same quarter of 1999 due to weakness in the pipe coating market. Changes in net sales are primarily the result of changes in volume rather than changes in prices.

The gross margin percentage for the total Company was $14 \%$ in the first quarter of 2000 and $13 \%$ in the 1999 first quarter. Rail products' gross margin percentage increased in the first quarter of 2000 to $13 \%$ from $12 \%$ in the year earlier quarter. This was primarily the result of increased margins in rail distribution products which offset losses incurred by CXT. CXT losses were the result of lower demand from a key major Class I railroad, and anticipated seasonal weakness. The gross margin percentage for construction products declined $1 \%$ from the year earlier quarter primarily due to the mix of products sold. Tubular products' gross margin percentage in the first quarter of 2000 increased $2.5 \%$ from the same period last year, primarily due to more efficient operations at the Langfield, TX threading facility.

Selling and administrative expenses increased $24 \%$ over the prior year period due to the inclusion of expenses associated with CXT operations and a majority of the special charges discussed below. Interest expense increased over the year earlier quarter due to an increase in outstanding borrowings associated with the acquisition of CXT. The provision for income taxes was recorded at $40 \%$ in the first quarters of 2000 and 1999.

SPECIAL CHARGES

The Company has formulated plans to consolidate or downsize sales and administrative functions and several plant operations as part of its overall plan to increase asset utilization and streamline administrative functions. Special charges of approximately $\$ 0.5$ million pretax or $\$ 0.03$ per share after tax were included in the quarter's results. The Company expects to record additional nonrecurring pretax charges of approximately $\$ 1.1$ million related to these programs by its fiscal 2001 year-end. Management implemented the initial phase of several of these programs in the first quarter. The costs accrued for the implemented programs were based upon management estimates using the latest information available at the time the accrual was established.

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LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES
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The Company generates internal cash flow from the sale of inventory and the collection of accounts receivable. During the first three months of 2000, the average turnover rate for accounts receivable was higher than during the same period last year in all of the Company's segments. The average inventory
turnover rate for the first quarters of 2000 and 1999 remained the same. Working capital at March 31, 2000 was $\$ 67.5$ million compared to $\$ 67.7$ million at December 31, 1999.

During the first quarter of 1999, the Company announced a program to purchase up to $1,000,000$ shares of its common stock. As of March 31, 2000, 365, 298 shares had been purchased under this program at a cost of $\$ 1.9$ million.

The Company had capital expenditures, including capital leases, of approximately $\$ 0.5$ million in the first quarter of 2000. Capital expenditures in 2000, excluding acquisitions, are expected to be approximately $\$ 5.0$ million and are anticipated to be funded by cash flow from operations.

Total revolving credit agreement borrowings at March 31, 2000 and December 31, 1999 were $\$ 45.0$ million. At March 31, 2000 the Company had $\$ 15.5$ million in unused borrowing commitment. Outstanding letters of credit at March 31, 2000 were $\$ 4.4$ million. Management believes its internal and external sources of funds are adequate to meet anticipated needs.

In March of 2000, the Company reduced the revolving agreement to $\$ 64.9$ million. The interest rate is, at the Company's option, based on the prime rate, the domestic certificate of deposit rate (CD rate) or the Euro-bank rate (LIBOR). The interest rates are established quarterly based upon cash flow and the level of outstanding borrowings to debt as defined in the agreement. Interest rates range from prime to prime plus $0.25 \%$, the CD rate plus $0.575 \%$ to $1.8 \%$, the LIBOR rate plus . $575 \%$ to $1.8 \%$. Borrowings under the agreement, which expires July 1, 2003, are secured by eligible accounts receivable, inventory, and the pledge of the Company held DM\&E Preferred stock.

The agreement includes financial covenants requiring a minimum net worth, a minimum level for the fixed charge coverage ratio, and a maximum level for the consolidated total indebtedness to EBITDA ratio. The agreement also restricts investments, indebtedness, and the sale of certain assets.

DAKOTA, MINNESOTA \& EASTERN RAILROAD

The Company maintains a significant investment in the Dakota, Minnesota \& Eastern Railroad Corporation (DM\&E), a privately-held, regional railroad which operates over 1,100 miles of track in five states.

At December 31, 1998, the Company's investment in the stock was recorded at its historical cost of $\$ 1.7$ million, comprised of $\$ 0.2$ million of common stock and $\$ 1.5$ million of the DM\&E's Series B Preferred Stock and warrants. On January 13, 1999, the Company increased its investment in the DM\&E by acquiring $\$ 6.0$ million of DM\&E Series C Preferred Stock and warrants. On a fully diluted basis, the Company owns approximately $16 \%$ of the DM\&E's common stock. Although the market value of the DM\&E is not readily determinable, management believes that this investment, regardless of the DM\&E's Powder River Basin project, is worth significantly more than its historical cost.

The DM\&E announced in June 1997 that it plans to build an extension from the DM\&E's existing line into the low sulfur coal market of the Powder River Basin in Wyoming and to rebuild approximately 600 miles of its existing track (the Project). The DM\&E also has announced that the estimated cost of this project is $\$ 1.4$ billion.

The Project is subject to approval by the Surface Transportation Board (STB). In December 1998, the STB made a finding that the DM\&E had satisfied the transportation aspects of applicable regulations. The STB still must address the extent and nature of the project's environmental impact and whether such impact can be adequately mitigated. New construction on this project may not begin until the STB reaches a final decision.

The DM\&E has stated that it could repay project debt and cover its operating costs if it captures a $5 \%$ market share in the Powder River Basin. If the Project proves to be viable, management believes that the value of the Company's investment in the DM\&E could increase dramatically.

## OTHER MATTERS

In March 2000, the Company sold an undeveloped 62-acre portion of a 127 -acre Houston, TX property for approximately $\$ 2.0$ million. The pretax gain, after estimated disposal costs was approximately $\$ 0.1$ million.

On May 2, 2000, a local union of the United Steelworkers of America declared a strike at the Company's Pomeroy, OH facility which manufactures trackwork for the mining industry. The Company does not believe that the dispute will have a material impact on its financial results.

Management continues to evaluate the overall performance of certain operations. A decision to terminate an existing operation could have a material adverse effect on near-term earnings but would not be expected to have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the Company.

OUTLOOK

The Company has become Chaparral Steel's exclusive North American distributor of steel sheet piling and "H" bearing pile. Shipments of "H" bearing pile began very late in the third quarter of 1999 from Chaparral's new Petersburg, VA facility, while current mill indications are that the startup of steel sheet piling production will not commence until sometime in the second quarter with no appreciable production quantities expected until late in the third quarter.

The rail segment of the business depends on one source for fulfilling certain trackwork contracts. At March 31, 2000, the Company had $\$ 11.0$ million committed to this supplier including inventory progress payments, a note receivable, equipment, and other receivables, principally interest charges on inventory progress payments. If, for any reason, this supplier is unable to perform, the Company could experience a negative short-term effect on earnings.

A substantial portion of the Company's operations is heavily dependent on governmental funding of infrastructure projects. Significant changes in the level of government funding of these projects could have a favorable or unfavorable impact on the operating results of the Company. Additionally, governmental actions concerning taxation, tariffs, the environment or other matters could impact the operating results of the Company. The Company's operating results may also be affected by adverse weather conditions.

Although backlog is not necessarily indicative of future operating results, total Company backlog at March 31, 2000, was approximately $\$ 175.6$ million. The following table provides the backlog by business segment:

|  | Backlog |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Mar | 31, | December 31, |
|  | 2000 | 1999 | 1999 |
| Rail Products |  |  |  |
| Excluding CXT | \$ 56,413 | \$ 64,787 | \$ 41,685 |
| CXT | 61,743 |  | 69,393 |
| Construction Products | 56,127 | 41,386 | 41,842 |
| Tubular Products | 1,301 | 5,945 | 2,012 |
| Total | \$175,584 | \$112,118 | \$154, 932 |

MARKET RISK AND RISK MANAGEMENT POLICIES

The Company is not subject to significant exposure to change in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does hedge the cash flows of operations of its Canadian subsidiary. The Company manages its exposures to changes in foreign currency exchange rates on firm sales commitments by entering into foreign currency forward contracts. The Company's risk management objective is to reduce its exposure to the effects of changes in exchange rates on sales revenue over the duration of the transaction.

At March 31, 2000, the Company had outstanding foreign currency forward contracts to purchase $\$ 212,000$ Canadian for approximately $\$ 146,000$ US.

The Company is also exposed to changes in interest rates primarily from its long-term debt arrangements. The Company uses interest rate derivative instruments to manage exposure to interest rate changes.

The Company has entered into an interest rate swap agreement as the fixed rate payor to reduce the impact of changes in interest rates on a portion of its revolving borrowings. At March 31, 2000 the swap agreement had a notional value of $\$ 8,000,000$ consisting at $5.48 \%$ and expires in January 2001. The swap agreement's floating rate is based on LIBOR. Any amounts paid or received under the agreement are recognized as adjustments to interest expense. Neither the fair market value of the agreement nor the interest expense adjustments associated with the agreement has been material.

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

Statements relating to the potential value or viability of the DM\&E or the Project, or management's belief as to such matters, are forward-looking statements and are subject to numerous contingencies and risk factors. The Company has based its assessment on information provided by the DM\&E and has not independently verified such information. In addition to matters mentioned above, factors which can adversely affect the value of the DM\&E, its ability to complete the Project or the viability of the Project include the following:
labor disputes, any inability to obtain necessary environmental and government approvals for the Project in a timely fashion, the expense of environmental mitigation measures required by the Surface Transportation Board, an inability to obtain financing for the Project, competitor's response to the Project, market demand for coal or electricity and changes in environmental laws and regulations.

The Company wishes to caution readers that various factors could cause the actual results of the Company to differ materially from those indicated by forward-looking statements made from time to time in news releases, reports, proxy statements, registration statements and other written communications (including the preceding sections of this Management's Discussion and Analysis), as well as oral statements made from time to time by representatives of the Company. Additional delays in Chaparral's production of steel sheet piling would, for example, have an adverse effect on the Company's performance. The nonrecurring charges through 2001 are estimates and are subject to change as the Company further develops its plans. Except for historical information, matters discussed in such oral and written communications are forward-looking statements that involve risks and uncertainties, including but not limited to general business conditions, the availability of material from major suppliers, the impact of competition, the seasonality of the Company's business, taxes, inflation and governmental regulations. Sentences containing words such as "anticipates", "expects", or "will" generally should be considered forward-looking statements.

See Note 7, "Commitments and Contingent Liabilities", to the Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements.

Item 6. EXHIBITS AND REPORTS ON FORM 8-K
a) EXHIBITS

Unless marked by an asterisk, all exhibits are incorporated by reference:
3.1 Restated Certificate of Incorporation as amended to date, filed as Appendix B to the Company's April 17, 1998 Proxy Statement.
3.2 Bylaws of the Registrant, as amended to date, filed as Exhibit 3 B to Form 8-K on May 21, 1997.
4.0 Rights Agreement, dated as of May 15, 1997, between L.B. Foster Company and American Stock Transfer \& Trust Company, including the form of Rights Certificate and the Summary of Rights attached thereto, filed as Exhibit 4A to Form 8-A dated May 23, 1997.
4.0.1 Amended Rights Agreement dated as of May 14, 1998, between L. B. Foster Company and American Stock Transfer \& Trust Company, filed as Exhibit 4.0.1 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1998.
4.1 Third Amended and Restated Loan Agreement by and among the Registrant and Mellon Bank, N.A., PNC Bank, National Association, and First Union National Bank dated as of June 30, 1999 and filed as Exhibit 4.1 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1999.
10.12 Lease between CXT Incorporated and Pentzer Development Corporation, dated April 1, 1993 and filed as Exhibit 10.12 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
10.12.1 Amendment dated March 12, 1996 to lease between CXT Incorporated And Pentzer Development Corporation, filed as Exhibit 10.12.1 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
10.13 Lease between CXT Incorporated and Crown West Realty, L.L.C. dated December 20, 1996 and files as Exhibit 10.13 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
10.14 Lease between CXT Incorporated and Pentzer Development Corporation, dated November 1, 1991 and filed as Exhibit 10.14 to form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999.
10.15 Lease between CXT Incorporated and Union Pacific Railroad Company, dated February 13, 1998, and filed as Exhibit 10.15 to form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the year ended December 31, 1999.
10.16 Lease between Registrant and Greentree Building Associates for Headquarters office, dated as of June 9, 1986, as amended to date, filed as Exhibit 10.16 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1988.
10.16.1 Amendment dated June 19, 1990 to lease between Registrant and Greentree Building Associates, filed as Exhibit 10.16.1 to Form $10-\mathrm{Q}$ for the quarter ended June 30, 1990.

| 10.16.2 | Amendment dated May 29, 1997 to lease between Registrant and Greentree Building Associates, filed as Exhibit 10.16.2 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1997. |
| :---: | :---: |
| 10.19 | Lease between the Registrant and American Cast Iron Pipe Company for Pipe-Coating facility in Birmingham, Alabama dated December 11, 1991, filed as Exhibit 10.19 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1991. |
| 10.19 .1 | Amendment to Lease between the Registrant and American Cast Iron Pipe Company for Pipe-Coating facility in Birmingham, Alabama dated April 15, 1997, filed as Exhibit 10.19.1 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended March 31, 1997. |
| 10.20 | Asset Purchase Agreement, dated June 5, 1998, by and among the Registrant and Northwest Pipe Company, filed as Exhibit 10.0 to Form 8-K on June 18, 1998. |
| 10.21 | Stock Purchase Agreement dated June 3, 1999 by and among the Registrant and the shareholders of CXT Incorporated, filed as Exhibit 10.0 to Form 8-K on July 14, 1999. |
| 10.33.2 | Amended and Restated 1985 Long-Term Incentive Plan, as amended and restated February 26, 1997, filed as Exhibit 10.33.2 to Form 10-Q for the quarter ended June 30, 1997. ** |
| 10.34 | Amended and Restated 1998 Long-Term Incentive Plan for Officers and Directors, as amended and restated February 24, 1999 and filed as Exhibit 10.34 to Form $10-\mathrm{K}$ for the year ended December 31, 1998. ** |
| 10.45 | Medical Reimbursement Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.45 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1992. ** |
| 10.46 | Leased Vehicle Plan, as amended to date, filed as Exhibit 10.46 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1997. |
| 10.50 | L.B. Foster Company 2000 Incentive Compensation Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.50 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1999. ** |
| 10.51 | Supplemental Executive Retirement Plan, filed as Exhibit 10.51 to Form 10-K for the year ended December 31, 1994. |
| 19 | Exhibits marked with an asterisk are filed herewith. |
| 27 | Financial Data Schedule |
| ** | Identifies management contract or compensatory plan or arrangement required to be filed as an Exhibit. |

b) Reports on Form 8-K

No reports on Form 8-K were filed by the Registrant during the three month period ended March 31, 2000.

## SIGNATURE

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities and Exchange Act of 1934, the Registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned thereunto duly authorized.

## L.B. FOSTER COMPANY <br> (Registrant)

By /s/ Roger F. Nejes

Roger F. Nejes
Sr. Vice President-
Finance and Administration
\& Chief Financial Officer
(Principal Financial Officer and Duly Authorized Officer of Registrant)

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3-MOS
DEC-31-2000
MAR-31-2000
\(0 \quad 2,919\)
53,475
1,438
51,548
112,335
25,580
170,863
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                    102
                74,172
170,863
    59,489 59,489
            51,178
        0
        0
        938
        5 4 6
            2 1 8
        328
        (176)
        0
            152
            0.02
        0.02
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